

fullness of its representation, may contribute much to the completeness and accuracy of future works upon the local flora of the region.

These being the worthy objects for which the Herbarium is being developed, no hesitation is felt in soliciting the interest and coöperation of botanists in all parts of New England. Well-prepared specimens of plants, both of rare and common species, will be gladly received for the Herbarium and desired information in regard to them given when possible. It is very essential, however, that each specimen should be accompanied by a neat label written in ink and stating the exact place and date of collection, habitat, and collector. It is the policy of the Club to incorporate in its Herbarium no specimens which are accompanied only by vague or imperfect data.

The Herbarium is located in the botanical section of the University Museum, Oxford Street, Cambridge, Mass., a room for the purpose being at present loaned to the Club by Harvard University.

CHRYSANTHEMUM SEGETUM, L., AT MARION, MASSACHUSETTS. — This European plant has been found naturalized at several distant places in North America, such as California, Schenectady, N. Y., and some of the eastern seaports. As far as I know, it has not been seen in New England until last summer, when I found a plant growing by the roadside at Marion, Mass. In appearance it resembles the common species, *C. Leucanthemum*, except that the whole plant is rather lower, with larger leaves, and short, leafy peduncles. The rays are bright yellow, rather broad, and emarginate. The occurrence of this plant at a place like Marion (on Buzzard's Bay) is probably due to another accidental introduction of European seeds, since there is only very indirect communication with any of its other American stations.

J. MELVILLE HUNNEWELL.

## FUNGUS NOTES.

H. WEBSTER.

TRICHOLOMA EQUESTRE (L.) Fr. was noticeably abundant in dry woods in eastern Massachusetts last October, and received much attention from fungus-lovers and toadstool-eaters. Unlike many other Tricholomas, it was found even by novices to be rather easily determinable. The plainly viscid pileus, which even in dry weather is apt